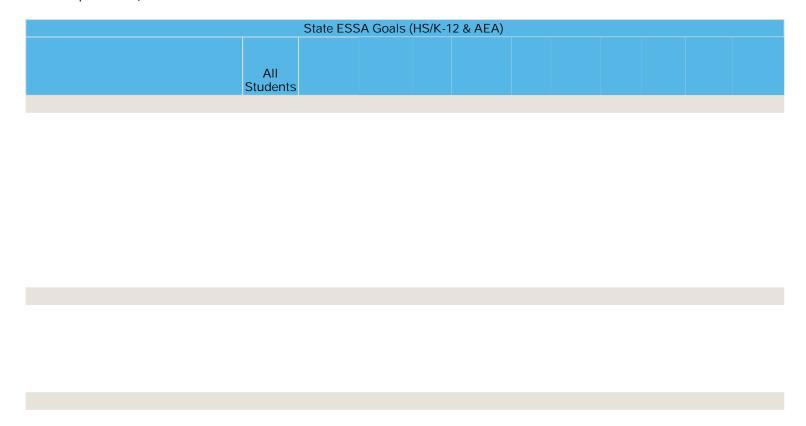
Part (i): Description of State Accountability System

Part (i)(I) the minimum number of students that the State determines are necessary to be included in each of the subgroups of students for use in the accountability system. The Texas accountability minimum size criteria are 10 assessments or students for the all student group or any subgroup for every indicator.

Part (i)(II) the long-term goals and measurements of interim progress for all students and for each of the subgroups of students (not applicable to district and state report cards).



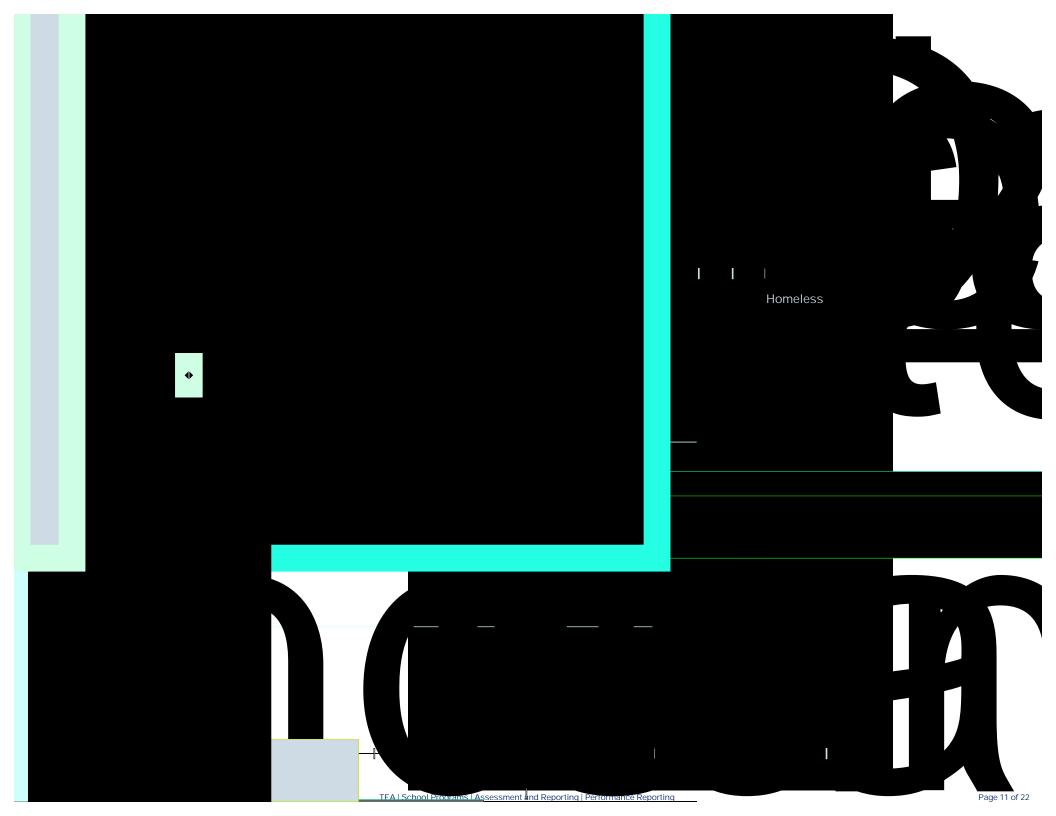
Part (i)(III) the indicators used to meaningfully differentiate all public schools in the State:

- a. Academic Achievement Indicator: STAAR Performance Status (Percent at Meets Grade Level or Above)
- b. Other Academic Indicator for Non-High Schools: STAAR Growth Status
- c. Graduation Rate: Federal Graduation Status
- d. ELP4 480.38 Td ou2ngu0.Ohvelarn.38 Td o Raangu2

(bb) the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools. Total points for each component are determined by multiplying the percentage of evaluated indicators met by the corresponding weight and rounding to one decimal place. The Closing the Gaps domain score is the sum of the total points rounded to the nearest whole number and is further used to differentiate all public schools. See the accountability manual for details. Chapter 4-2023 Closing the Gaps Domain

(cc) the methodology by which the State differentiates a school as consistently underperforming for any subgroup of students. Texas uses the Closing the Gaps domain to identify campuses that have consistently under-performing student groups. A student group that misses the targets in at least the same three indicators, for three consecutive years, is considered 'consistently underperforming'. Any campus not identified for Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CSI) that has at least one consistently underperforming student group is identified for Targeted Support and Improvement (TSI). TSI identifies both Title I and non-Title I campuses. Data from 2019, 2022, and 2023 are considered consecutive years for 2023 TSI identification. See the accountability manual for details. Chapter 10-2023 Identification of Schools for Improvement

(dd) the methodology by which the State identifies a school for comprehensive support and improvement. Texas annually ranks all Title I campuses based on Closing the Gaps scaled scores. First, Texas determines the bottom five percent of Closing the Gaps outcomes by rank ordering the scaled scores of Title I campuses by schooltype - elementary, middle, high school/K-12, and alternative education accountability.



		Campus	African American	Hispanic		American Indian		Pacific Islander			Non Econ Disadv	CWD	CWOD	EL	Male	Female	Migrant
Reading	All Students	0%	*	0%	0%	*	*	-	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	CWD	0%	*	0%	*	*											

	Total
Incidents of threats of physical attack without a weapon	0
Incidents of possession of a firearm or explosive device	0
Allegations of Harassment or bullying	
On the basis of sex	0
On the basis of race	0
On the basis of disability	0
On the basis of sexual orientation	0
On the basis of religion	0

Part (viii)(II) This section provides information from the 2020-21 CRDC surveys, submitted by school districts to the Office for Civil Rights, on the number of students enrolled in preschool programs and accelerated coursework to earn postsecondary credit while still in high school.

		Total students	African American	Hispanic		Indian or Alaska Native		Pacific Islander			Students with Disabilities
Preschool Programs											
	Male	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9
	Female	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9
	Total	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9	-9
Accelerated											

This section provides information on the professional qualifications of teachers, including information disaggregated by high- and low-poverty schools on the number and percentage of (I) inexperienced teacher, principals, and other school leaders; (II) teachers teaching with emergency or provisional credentials; and (III) teachers who are not teaching in the subject or field for which the teacher is certified or licensed.

	All School	
	Number	Percent
Inexperienced Teachers, Principals, and Other School Leaders	4.4	7.6%
Teachers Teaching with Emergency or Provisional Credentials	0.0	-
Teacher Who Are Not Teaching in the Subject or Field for Which the Teacher is Certified or Licensed	4.6	8.3%

⁻ Indicates there are no data available in the group.

Part (x): Per-pupil Expenditure

This section provides information on the per-pupil expenditures of federal, state, and local funds, including actual personnel expenditures and actual non-personnel expenditures, disaggregated by source of funds, for each school district and campus for the preceding fiscal year.

To be updated by June 30th, 2024.

Part (xi): STAAR Alternate 2 Participation

This section provides information on the number and percentage of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who take STAAR Alternate 2, by grade and subject for the 2022-23 school year.

	State Number of ALT2		District	Rate of	Campus Number of ALT2	
Grade 3						
Reading	7,391	2%	28	3%	-	-
Mathematics	7,386	2%	28	3%	-	-
Grade 4						
Reading	7,296	2%	28	3%	-	-
Mathematics	7,293	2%	28	3%	-	-
Grade 5						
Reading	6,823	2%	20	2%	-	-
Mathematics	6,825	2%	20	2%	-	-
Science	6,820	2%	20	2%	-	-
Grade 6						
Reading	6,480	2%	27	3%	-	-
Mathematics	6,481	2%	27	3%	-	-
Grade 7						
Reading	6,309	2%	12	1%	6	1%
Mathematics	6,300	2%	12	1%	6	1%
Grade 8						

State Number of ALT2	State Rate		

State Level: 2022 NAEP Participation Rates for Students with Disabilities and English Learners					
Grade	Subject	Student Group	Rate		
Grade 4 Reading		Students with Disabilities	89%		
		English Learners	95%		
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	87%		
		English Learners	95%		
Grade 8	Reading	Students with Disabilities	89%		
		English Learners	97%		
	Mathematics	Students with Disabilities	93%		
		English Learners	97%		

Part (xiii): Cohort Rate of Graduates Enrolled in Postsecondary Education

This section provides information on the cohort rate at which students who graduated from high school in the 2020-21 school year enrolled in a Texas public postsecondary education institution in the 2021-22 academic year in (I) programs of public postsecondary education in Texas; (II) programs of private postsecondaryeducation in Texas; and (III) programs of postsecondary education outsideation 1dl) pr/sideation 1d464.83 103